

Teammates Names

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1.1 GitHub Repositories

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Back-End Repository

On main branch :

https://github.com/marwanesam22/Producer-Consumer

Front-End Repository

On main branch :

https://github.com/OmarTammam25/Producer-

Consumer

1.2 Instruction to download codes

- Downloading codes from GitHub repositories
 - 1. Open your Git Bash terminal.
 - 2. Cloning Back-End files to your folder.
 - 3. Cloning Front-End files to your folder.

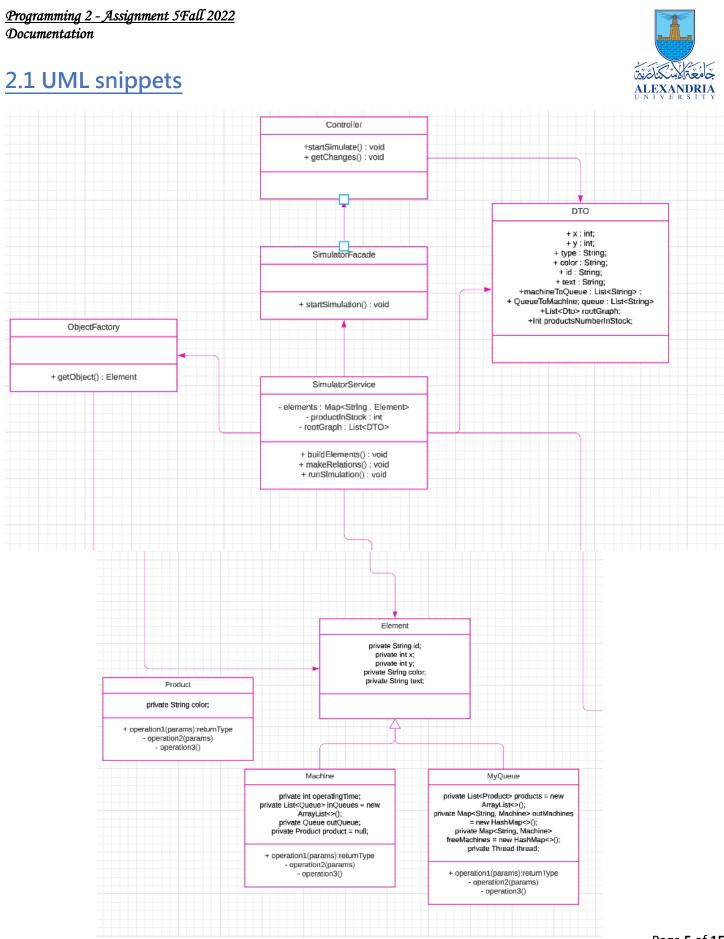
1.3 Instruction to Run Back-End Server

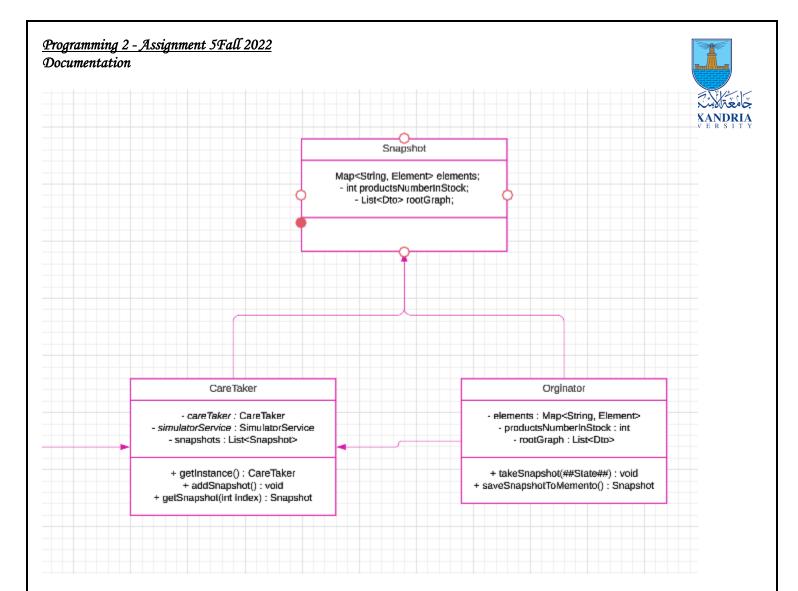
- Running Back-End codes
 - 1. Open Back-End files to your favorite IDE to be run.
 - 2. Use the normal Run button in your IDE.

1.4 Instruction to Run Front-End Server



- Running Front-End codes
 - 1. Install Node.js from the official website
 - 2. Open your Command Prompt.
 - 3. In your Command Prompt "npm install -g @angular/cli".
 - 4. Open Front-End files to your favorite IDE to be run.
 - 5. Running Angular server from prompt "ng serve --open".





3.1 Observer Design Pattern

We used observer design pattern between Machines(Observable) and queues (Observers) as when any machine is ready it notifies its subscribers that "I am ready to get products "and when it is busy it notifies its subscribers "I am busy now " not to send products.

3.2 Snapshot Design Pattern



We used Snapshot Design pattern to

- 1) save states of products, machines and queues to send snaps to view to run the simulation of the products.
- 2) Restimulate the process happened as we store the snaps then run it sequentially with 200ms delay to see the whole replayed process and according to optimization of time taken back-end server doesn't send snaps again to view but view store them to run them again when replay simulation action is fired.

3.3 Concurrency

Producer-Consumer :

We used producer-consumer concurrency design pattern to to synchronize functionalities of queues and machines.

- Products are moving to machines through queue to wait till machine permit them to be processed.
- Machines takes its product from queue when it is free.

3.4 Façade design pattern



We used façade design pattern to encapsulate the implementation of the simulator service from the controller to facilitate the communication between the controller and the service.

3.5 Code Snippets

1) Snapshot design pattern code snippets

Snapshot Class (Memento)

```
•••
public class Snapshot {
   private Map<String, Element> elements;
   private int productsNumberInStock;
   private List<Dto> rootGraph;
   private List<Dto> dtos;
   private String elementttttt;
   public Snapshot(Map<String,Element> elements, int productsNumberInStock,
       List<Dto> rootGraph){
       dtos = new ArrayList◇();
       for(Map.Entry<String,Element> entry : elements.entrySet()){
           Dto dto = new Dto();
           dto.id = entry.getValue().getId();
           dto.color = entry.getValue().getColor();
           dto.numberOfProducts = entry.getValue().getProducts().size();
           dtos.add(dto);
   public Map<String, Element> getElements(){
       return this.elements;
   public int getProductsNumberInStock(){
       return this.productsNumberInStock;
   public List<Dto> getRootGraph(){
       return this.rootGraph;
```

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Originator Class

```
•••
public class Originator {
    private Map<String, Element> elements;
   private int productsNumberInStock;
    private List<Dto> rootGraph;
   public void takeSnapshot(Map<String, Element> elements, int productsNumberInStock,
List<Dto> rootGraph){
        this.elements = elements;
        this.productsNumberInStock = productsNumberInStock;
        this.rootGraph = rootGraph;
   public Snapshot saveSnapshotToMemento(){
        Snapshot newMem = new Snapshot(elements, productsNumberInStock, rootGraph);
        return newMem;
    public void getSnapshotFromMemento(Snapshot memento){
        elements = memento.getElements();
        productsNumberInStock = memento.getProductsNumberInStock();
        rootGraph = memento.getRootGraph();
```

CareTaker Class



•••

package com.producer_consumer.snapshot;

public Snapshot makeSnapshot(){
 return new Snapshot(

```
import com.producer_consumer.controllers.SimulatorService;
```

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
```

```
public class CareTaker {
    private static CareTaker careTaker = null;
    private static SimulatorService simulatorService;
    public static CareTaker getInstance(){
        if(careTaker = null){
            careTaker = new CareTaker();
            simulatorService = SimulatorService.getInstance();
        }
        return careTaker;
    }
    private List<Snapshot> snapshots = new ArrayList<();
    public void addSnapshot(){
        snapshots.add(makeSnapshot());
    }
    public Snapshot getSnapshot(int index){
        return snapshots.get(index);
    }
</pre>
```

SimulatorService.getInstance().getElements(),
SimulatorService.getInstance().getProductsNumberInStock(),
SimulatorService.getInstance().getRootGraph());

2) Producer – Consumer design pattern



```
•••
aSetter
    private Map<String,Element> elements = new HashMap$();
    private static SimulatorService simulatorService = null;
    public static SimulatorService getInstance(){
        if (simulatorService = null){
    simulatorService = new SimulatorService();
    public void buildElements(){
        for(Dto dto: rootGraph){
             elements.put(dto.id, objectFactory.getObject(dto));
    public void makeRelations(){
                  for(String machineId : dto.machineToQueue){
                   for(String machineId : dto.queueToMachine){
                       ((Queue)elements.get(dto.id)).addToFreeMachines((Machine)
elements.get(machineId));
             int min = 1;
int max = 10;
             if(productsNumberInStock > 0){
    ((Queue) elements.get("0")).addToProducts(new Product());
```

3) Observer design pattern Machine (Observable)

```
•••
public class Machine extends Element implements Runnable{
    private List<Queue> inQueues = new ArrayList<();</pre>
   private Product product = null;
    public Machine(Dto dto, int operatingTime) {
       super(dto):
        this.operatingTime = operatingTime;
    public void addToInQueues(Queue queue){
       inQueues.add(queue);
       CareTaker.getInstance().addSnapshot();
       this.setColor("#ddd");
           q.addFreeMachine(this.getId());
    public synchronized void setProduct(Product product) {
       CareTaker.getInstance().addSnapshot();
       this.product = product;
       thread.start();
       this.setColor(product.getColor());
       CareTaker.getInstance().addSnapshot();
           q.removeBusyMachine(this.getId());
           Thread.sleep(operatingTime*1000);
           throw new RuntimeException(e);
       outQueue.addToProducts(product);
       return "Machine{"
```



Queues (Observers)



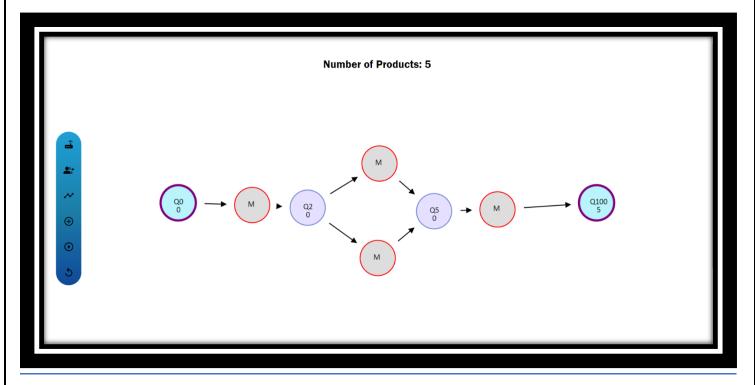


4.1 Decisions

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- Used Konva library for drawing.
- Operating time in machine [4 10] seconds.
- Front sever sends request each 200ms.

5.1 UI snippets



5.2 User Guide



User can

- 1) Create product on runtime by pressing on the product icon button.
- 2) Add Queues by pressing on the queue icon.
- 3) Create machine by pressing on the machine icon button
- 4) Restimulate the process by pressing on replay icon button
- 5) Start simulation by pressing on the simulate button.
- 6) Connect the machine and queues by pressing on the line icon button.